



**EPIDENDRUM CAMPII** Hágster & Dodson

THE GENUS EPIDENDRUM PART 4

Plate 716

ICONES ORCHIDACEARUM 7. 2004

**EPIDENDRUM CAMPII** Hágster et Dodson, sp. nov.

Type: ECUADOR: Azuay: eastern Cordillera, 4-6 km north of the village of Sevilla de Oro, 2700-3000 m, 14 August 1945, W. H. Camp E-4689B. Holotype: S! (Illustration voucher). Isotypes AMES x2! NY!

*Epidendrum rhodoide* Hágster & Dodson simile sed petalis 1-nervatis triplo sepalis angustioribus, labelli lobulo medio hemielliptico differens. Hierba epífita, rastreira, erecta, de 16-43 cm de alto. Raíces basales, carnosas, 0.7-1.9 mm de grosor. Tallos sencillos, tipo caña, lateralmente aplanados, 9-15 x 0.21-0.43 cm, los tallos nuevos se forman a unos 5 cm de la base del tallo anterior. Hojas 4-6, distribuidas a lo largo del tallo, articuladas, alternas; vainas tubulares, lateralmente aplanaadas, apicíticas, finamente estriadas y rugosas, 0.8-2.7 x 0.21-0.43 cm; lámina angostamente elíptica, aguda, apiculada, margen eroso hacia el ápice y ligeramente revoluto cuando secas, 3-8.8 x 0.3-0.72 cm. Brácteas espatuladas 2-3, tubulares, apicíticas, de lados paralelos, agudas, 1.6-5.1 x 0.18-0.29 cm. Inflorescencia apical, florece una sola vez, racemosa, arqueada, laxa, 8-17 cm de largo; pedúnculo arqueado, cubierto totalmente por las espantas, 6-10.5 cm de largo. Brácteas florales tan largas como el ovario, triangulares, acuminadas, 4-10 mm de largo. Ovario terete, 5-6 mm de largo. Flores ca. 13, simultáneas, resupinadas, amarillo verdoso teñidas de púrpura intenso, fragancia no registrada. Sépalos libres, extendidos, cariados dorsalmente, la carina erosa, 5-nervados, margen entero; el dorsal obovado, agudo, 9.1 x 3.2 mm; los laterales elípticos, oblicuos, con una quilla dorsal erosa, 8.9-9.5 x 3.2-3.8 mm. Pétalos extendidos, libres, oblóngos, ligeramente ensanchados hacia el ápice, obtusos, 1-nervados, margen entero, 8.3 x 1.2 mm. Labelo unido a la columna, trilobado, base profundamente cordada, 7.1 x 7.1 mm; bicálico, callos subglobosos que se continúan con un par de estructuras cortas y redondeadas hacia la base del lóbulo medio; disco desprovisto de quillas, con una vena engrosada que se desvanece hacia el ápice; lóbulos laterales transversalmente elípticos, margen eroso, 2.4 x 4.4 mm; lóbulo medio hemielliptico, redondeado, apiculado, margen entero, de alrededor de la mitad de tamaño de los laterales, 2.6 x 2.6 mm. Columna recta, formando un arco ligero con el ovario, 7 mm de largo. Clinandrio reducido, entero. Antera no vista. Polinios no vistos. Rostelo apical, hendido. Lóbulos laterales del estigma de 1/4 de largo de la cavidad estigmática. Nectario penetrando 1/3 parte del ovario, engrosado en la columna, adelgazándose en el ovario, no ornamentado. Cápsula elíptica, 24 x 9 mm; pedicelos 3 x 0.5 mm; cuello apical corto ca. 1 mm de largo.

Epiphytic, repent herb. Roots fleshy, thick. Stems cane-like, simple, apicítose, arising from an intermediate internode of the previous stem. Leaves 4-6, distributed along of the stem, sheaths apicítose, finely striated and rugose; blade narrowly elliptic, acute, apiculate, margin erose at the apex and somewhat revolute when dry. Spathaceous bracts 2-3, tubular, apicítose, parallel-sided, racemose, arching, lax-flowered. Inflorescence apical, racemose, arquata. Floral bracts as long as the ovary, triangular acuminate. Ovary terete. Flowers simultaneous, resupinate, greenish-yellow deep purplish-tinted. Sepals 5-veined, dorsal obovate, acute, laterals elliptic, oblique, dorsally keeled, keel erose. Petals oblóng, somewhat widened towards the apex, obtuse, 1-veined. Lip 3-lobed, deeply cordate, bicálico, the calli continued into to smaller rounded knobs, mid-vein thickened; lateral lobes about twice the size of the midlobe, transversely elliptic, margin erose, midlobe hemi-elliptic, apiculate, margin entire. Column straight, forming an arch with the ovary. Clinandrium hood reduced, entire. Nectary penetrating 1/3 of the ovary, thickening within the column, narrowed progressively into the ovary. Capsule ellipsoid, with a short apical neck.

OTHER SPECIMENS: ECUADOR: Azuay: same locality as the type, Camp E-4689A, AMES! NY! S!

DISTRIBUTION AND ECOLOGY: Known only from the type locality, east of Cuenca, at about 2700-3000 m altitude. Flowering in August.

RECOGNITION: *Epidendrum campii* belongs to the Pergracile Subgroup of the Alpicolum Group, which is characterized by the subcaespitose habit, long spathaceous bract with parallel sides, lax-flowered, racemose inflorescence, membranaceous flowers, 3-lobed lip which is not fleshy-thickened. The species is recognized by the hemi-elliptic midlobe of the lip, about as wide as it is long, and the petals are 1-veined, about 1/3 the width of the dorsal sepal. *Epidendrum rhodoides* has a subquadrate midlobe of the lip, the 5-veined petals are as wide as the dorsal sepal. *Epidendrum vidal-senegei* Hágster & Dodson, has larger flowers, the sepals 13-16 mm long, and the 1-veined petals are linear, less than half as wide as the sepals, the leaves somewhat wider, 0.7-0.9 cm, and the midlobe of the lip rectangular, 3-4 times longer than wide.

CONSERVATION STATUS: DD. Data deficient.

ETYMOLOGY: In Honor of W. H. Camp, who collected the type. He collected plants in Ecuador between 1943 and 1947. His orchid material is widely deposited at AMES, MO, NY, QCA, QCNE, S and SEL.

